

Internet of Things

## IoT Smart Health LAB

Medical Care, Health Care and IoT



This is a healthcare practice equipment with IoT technology. It is capable of analyzing up to 13 types (11 basic types) of biomedical signals and transmitting or receiving the data through Wi-Fi or Bluetooth. It also can be remotely monitored from PC and Smart Phone through Hybrid Web.





## Medical Care, Health Care and IoT

### IoT Smart Health LAB



- Application of Raspberry Pi based IoT Gateway
- Arduino-based sensor transmission and reception
- Up to 13 bio signal measurements
- · Acquiring bio signal knowledge
- 10.1 inch touch monitor application
- Monitoring measured values on GUI (Graphical User Interface) via App and Web
- Setting specific sensor value and sending the data through SMS and E-Mail

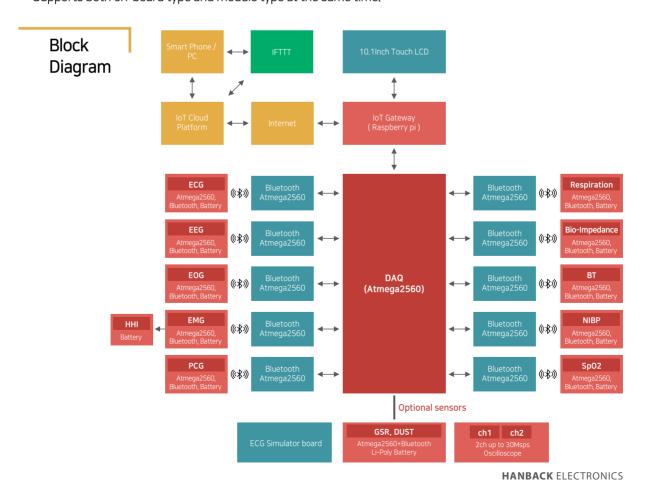


#### **Product Overview**

This is a healthcare practice equipment with IoT technology. It is capable of analyzing up to 13 types (11 basic types) of biomedical signals and transmitting or receiving the data through Wi-Fi or Bluetooth. It also can be remotely monitored from PC and Smart Phone through Hybrid Web.

#### **Product Features**

- It is possible to learn about implementation and analysis of measurement algorithm based on principle of bio-signal.
- Measurement of up to 13 sensors is available including 2 options of GSR and DUST in addition to the basic 11 sensors such as ECG, EEG, EMG+HHI, EOG, PCG, Respiration, NIBP, BT, SpO2, HR and Bio-impedance.
- It is convenient to monitor measurement data using 10.1 inch electrostatic touch LCD.
- Each sensor module has a rechargeable battery and can be linked with Wi-Fi and Bluetooth.
- AVR MCU with Arduino is applied to the sensor module and the receiving module for more various exercises.
- In addition to the basic 11 sensor modules, you can select and use additional modules depending on the learning purpose.
- Measured sensor values can be monitored on PC and Smart Phone through Hybrid Web.
- Provides SMS and e-mail service for specific sensor values by using alarm process and IFTTT.
- Supports interface linked with Android and Arduino for comprehensive application practice.
- Supports both on-board type and module type at the same time.



# Hardware & Software Specifications

Module	Category	Specifications	
0.1inch Touch LCD	DISPLAY	HDMI 1280x800 IPS Touchscreen	
Raspberry Pi 4	CPU	Broadcom BCM2711 1.5Ghz Cortex-A72 quad-core	
	Bluetooth	Ver 5.0	
	Ethernet	10/100 BaseT	
	Wi-Fi	802.11n	
	Storage	Micro-SD	
	USB	USB 2.0 2ports, USB 3.0 2ports	
	HDMI	HDMI 2 * micro HDMI	
Software	Raspberry pi	- Raspbian : Nov 2018 - Kernal : 4.14.98-v7+ - GCC : 6.3.0	
	Server	- Lighttpd : 1.4.45 - PHP : 7.0.33-0+deb9u3	

## • Data Collecting Part

Module	Category	Specifications
DAQ	MCU	ATMEGA2560
0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	Memory	256KB Flash
	Bootloader	Arduino
	Clock Speed	Up to 16MHz
	Debug	SWD & USB
0	External ADC	4ch
BLUETOOTH	MCU	ATMEGA2560
	Memory	256KB Flash
	Bootloader	Arduino
	Clock Speed	Up to 16MHz
	Debug	SWD & USB
	Bluetooth	V2.0 UART 9600bps

## • ECG Signal Generating Part

Module	Category	Specifications
Biological Signal	Display	LCD
Generator	Button	5EA
	Electrode	3EA
	ECG Rate	80BPM
	Amplitude	1mV
	Accuracy	+-5%



## • Bio-Signal Measuring Part

Module	Category	Specifications
Controller	MCU	ATMEGA2560
	Memory	256KB Flash
•	Bootloader	Arduino
	Clock Speed	Up to 16MHz
SINO NOW. ALS. MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Debug	SWD & USB
	Bluetooth	V2.0 UART 9600bps
	Supply Voltage	3.7v 500mAh Li-Poly Battery
1. EOG	Measurement Contents	Eye Conduction
	Number of Electrodes	3 Points
	Measurement Range	10mV ~ 30mV
and construction to the construction of the co	Filter	Low-pass: 4.5Hz High-pass: 0.5Hz
	Supply Voltage	+-5V
2. PCG	Measurement Contents	Phonocardiogram
	Measurement Sensor	Condenser Mic
	Listening Method	Head-Phone
	Filter	Low-pass: 100Hz High-pass: 0.5Hz
	Supply Voltage	+-5V
3. EMG	Measurement Contents	Electromyogram
C MADE AND C	Number of Electrodes	3 Points
	Gain	10,350x
INT SMART MEATH LAS	Differential Input Voltage	2~5mV
W	Supply Voltage	+-5V
4. HHI	Measurement Contents	Human Interface
	Number of Electrodes	2 Points
	Output Voltage	220V, 15mA
SMITH MATHLE	Supply Voltage	Li-Poly 3.6V Battery
5. ECG	Measurement Contents	Electrocardiography
O at south restricts	Measure Point	3 Points
	ADC Resolution	24Bits
	Sample rate (Max)	8kSPS
	Input type	Differential, Single-Ended
	Supply Voltage	3.3V

## Bio-Signal Measuring Part

Module	Category	Specifications	
6. NIBP	Measurement Contents	Blood Pressure	
- 452 102	Measurement Method	Cuff wearing	
O 201 DOC 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971 197	Measurement Range	Pulse Rate : 40~200bpm Systolic Pressure : 60~250mmHg Diastolic Pressure : 40~200mmHg	
	Supply Voltage	5V, 12V	
7. BT	Measurement Contents	Body Temperature	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Measure	Infra Red Thermometer	
	Measurement resolution	0.02℃	
NOT SHARET HEALTH LAB BOOY TEMPERATURE SENSOR VLO	Measure range	-40°C ~ +125°C	
0	Power supply	3.3V	
8. Sp02	Measurement Contents	Pulse oximeter	
O management	Measure	Optical biosensing	
	ADC Resolution	22bit	
STORE WINDOWS	Heart rate monitor		
O stoom the later of	Power supply	1.8V, 3.3V	
9. Respiration	Measurement Contents	Respiration	
	Measurement Point	3Points	
O September 1975 Int	ADC Resolution	24Bits	
	Sample rate (Max)	8kSPS	
	Input type	Differential, Single-Ended	
	Power supply	5V	
10. Bio-Impedance	Weight-scale measurement		
	Body composition measurem	Body composition measurement	
இரு ம். ம். ம்.கு	Measure Point	2Points	
	Measurement Range	1000hm ~ 1K0hm	
O SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Accuracy	±1%	
	Frequency	Single Frequency(>60hz)	
	Power supply	5V	
11. EEG	Measurement Contents	Electroencephalogram	
On the state of th	Number of Electrodes	3 Points	
	Band width	0.1~50Hz	
	Filter	Hi-pass (0.1Hz), Low-pass (50Hz), Notch (60Hz)	
	Measurement Range	0.1~3.3V	
	Supply Voltage	5V	

## • Oscilloscope (Option)

Module	Category	Specifications
	Channel	2ch
	Band width	60MHz
	Sampling Rate	60M sampling/sec
	Voltage Division	0.02V ~ 5V
	Interface	USB

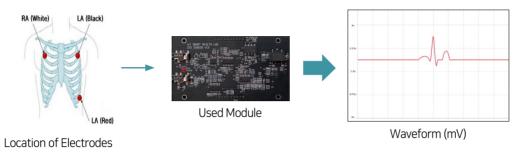
## Training Contents

Basic Course		Contents
IOT SMART HEALTH LAB	<ul> <li>Bio-signal Theory</li> <li>Arduino Development Environment</li> <li>GPIO</li> <li>I²C Communication</li> <li>UART Communication</li> <li>Bluetooth Communication</li> <li>A/D Converter</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of ECG</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of EOG</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of EMG</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of Dust</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of Dust</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of PCG</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Theory and Measurement of HHI</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of NIBP</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of BT</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of HR</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of Respiration</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of SpO2</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of Bio-Impedance</li> <li>Theory and Measurement of GSR</li> <li>Sensor Data Collecting with Raspberry Pi</li> <li>Web Server Construction with Lighttpd</li> <li>Sensor Monitoring with Javascript</li> <li>Alarm Setting with IFTTT</li> </ul>



#### 1. ECG (Electro CardioGram)

When the heart is beating, the minute action potential difference in the myocardium is measured by the electrode attached to the body surface, and the change curve over time is expressed in mV.



#### 2. Respiration

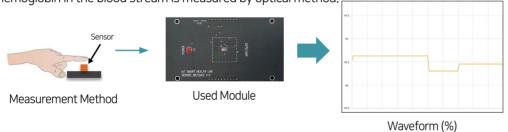
The change in impedance due to changes in volume inside the chest is measured.



Location of Electrodes

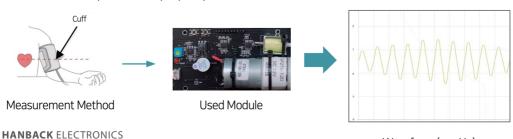
#### 3. SpO2 (Pulse Oximeter)

The percentage of hemoglobin concentration that contains oxygen to the concentration of total hemoglobin in the blood stream is measured by optical method.



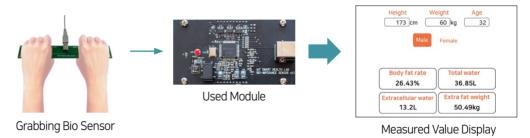
#### 4. NIBP (Non-Invasive Blood Pressure)

NIBP is the way to measure blood pressure that we see easily around ourselves. If you put a cuff on your forearm and use an air pump to put air into the cuff, the cuff swells and blocks the artery. Systolic blood pressure and diastolic blood pressure are determined while listening to the vortex sounds that occur when the blood flows as the cuff is decompressed step by step.



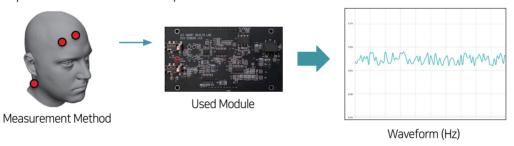
#### 5. Bio Impedance

Of the constituents of the human body, the substances measurable by impedance are water and fat. Body fat and body water content are measured by bio-impedance.



#### 6. EEG (Electro EncephaloGram)

Using an electrode attached to the surface of the head, electrical signals from the brain's electrical activity are measured non-invasively.



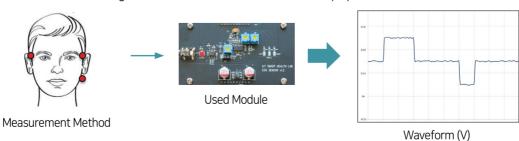
#### 7. EMG (Electro MyoGraphy)

Attaches an electrode to the surface of the skin and measures the electrical signal generated when the muscle cells are activated electrically and neurologically.



#### 8. EOG (Electro OculoGraphy)

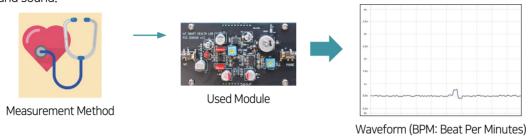
Measures minute voltage between retina and cornea caused by eye movement.



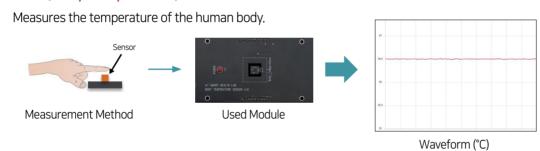


#### 9. PCG (Phono CardioGram)

The condenser microphone is used to amplify the heart sound and the value is measured with its waveform and sound.

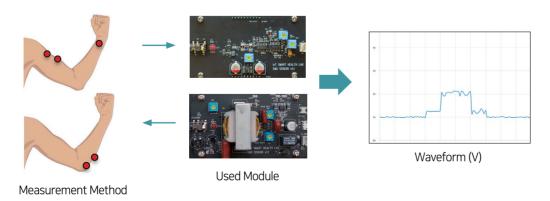


#### 10. BT (Body Temperature)



#### 11. HHI (Human-Human Interface)

Experiment of interlocking between two persons. When an electrical signal is detected in the movement of one person's arm, an electrical signal is generated in the other person's arm.



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#### 12. GSR (Galvanic Skin Response)

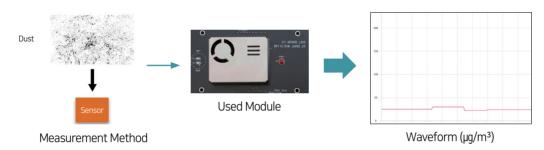
When you have strong feelings, sweat is released from the sweat glands by the stimulated sympathetic nervous system. The conductivity of the skin at this time is measured with the electrodes attached to two fingers.





#### **13. DUST**

Measures fine dust in the air.



## **Product Configuration**



IoT Smart Health LAB



Electronic Stethoscope



Cables for Signal Measurement



Probe



Cuff for NIBP Measurement



Power Cable



Electronode



User Guide Book 1EA



Headphone



COTS (for GSR)



Platform DVD 1EA



Electrode (for BIOIMPEDANC)





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